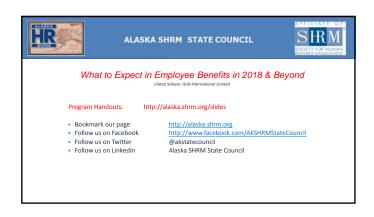


September 20-21, 2018 Pre-approved for 14 Recertification Credits (10 Business)

> The last 3 conferences have sold out REGISTER NOW! http://alaska.shrm.org/conference











O New Tax Reform: Impact on Employee Benefits The employer tax deductibility of transportation fringe benefits but it retains employee pre-tax deductions ED Employer paid transportation fringe plans are no longer tax deductible Bicycle transportation benefit (\$20 per month) Individual mandate penalty as of 1/1/19 Individual mandate penalty is enforceable for 2017 and 2018 Will have an impact on the Employer Mandate ("Play or Pay Mandate") as employees will no longer feel compelled to purchase coverage from an exchange. If employees do not purchase coverage from an exchange = ZERO penalties to employer under the Pay or Play Mandate Prior to tax reform: Elimination of costsharing subsidies in Exchanges and Marketplaces for 2018

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Will further destabilize the individual and the Exchange marketplace, resulting in a rise in premiums due to adverse selection

January 4, 2018 - DOL issues proposed regulations on Association Health Plans (AHP)

Proposed Regulations on Association Health Plans

- May be formed by unrelated employers (small employers and "sole proprietors"/ working owners of a incorporated or incorporated business) in the same industry, trade, or geographic location
- Will be rated as a large group (pooling of risk and composite rating) based on the number of individuals covered by the plan offered by the AHP
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- Allows for the creation of association health plans for the sole purpose of purchasing insurance
 May be formed by unrelated employers (small employers and "sole proprietors"/ working owners of a
 - Many states currently prohibits AHP from being self-insured, so AHP most likely will exist only as fully-insured plans
 State Insurance Commissioners and carriers have strongly opposed AHP- Monitor state developments closely to determine viability of AHP

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Funding Federal Government- New Surprises

Delay of Cadillac Plan Tax- Two year delay, now effective 2022
 40% tax was expected to go into effect on 1/1/2020

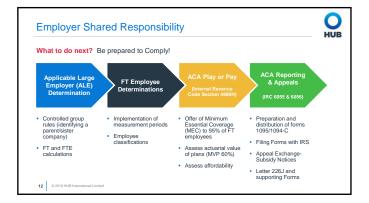
- Tax applies to aggregate cost of health insurance that exceeds specified thresholds Tax calculated on a monthly basis and applicable to cost of : medical, health FSAs, HRAs, employer contributions to HSAs, pre-tax contributions to HSAs, and fixed indemnity plans if acquired with pre-tax dollars

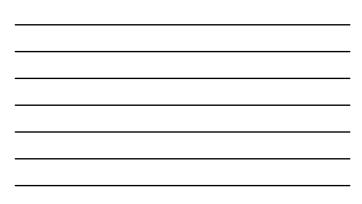
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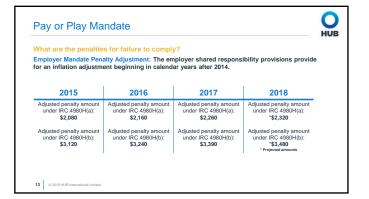
- Health Insurance Tax (HIT)
 Not applicable for 2019, tax applicable to all insured medical plans (3.1%-3.5% or premiums)
- Provides funding for Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP) for another six years
- Medical device manufacturing tax- Tax not applicable for two years

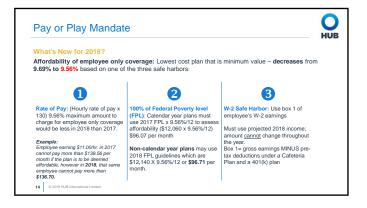
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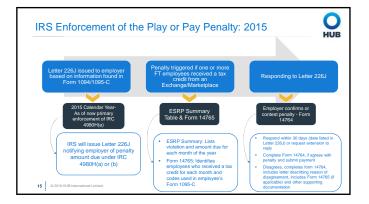


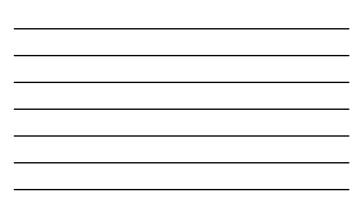






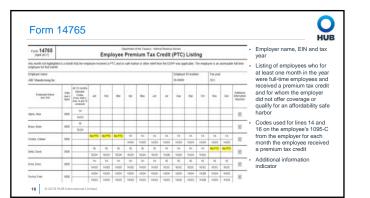


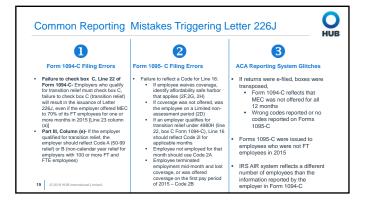




E	inforcement for 2					ss	and Timeline		
	Receipt of Letter 226J		Form 14764- ESRP esponse/ Form 14765		Letter 227		Pre-assessment Conference with IRS		Notice CP 220J
•	EPT list (Form14765)- Letter will reliect names and months of the year employee(s) received subsidies from markreplace/exchange ESRP Summary Table- Penalities to be imposed on employer for each month Employer must respond within 30 days of date found in Letter Employer may request extension-30 days	•	Letter used to respond to Letter 226J Employer can contest imposition of penalties for one or more employees, or agree with penalty Form 14766- Only accompanies Form 41764 if employer wants to correct code in Forms 1095-C of employees who received a tax credit	•	Issued by IRS- Acknowledges receipt of employer's response (five versions available) Identifies next steps for employer to follow	•	Employer can request conference with the IRS Office of Appeals if the employer disagrees with the content of Letter 227 Employer to review IRS Publication 5 to file an appeal Appeal to be filed within 30 days of the receipt of Letter 227	•	Notice issued requiring employer to pay penalities, issued after end of appeals process, or if employer fails to respond to Letter 226 or 227. Notice will instruct employer amount to pay and how to pay penalty

Overview c	of Letter 226J	and Addendums
Experiment of the Transmer Description Meeting Comparison Meeting The Transmer Real Transmer Process AT 12002	-	 Letter from IRS informing an employer of the Employer's potential penalty exposure under IRC 4980H(a) or (b)- Employer Shared Responsibility ("Play or Pay Mandate")
	Lander and Designed Transmiss Transmission	 Informs employer of penalty amount and reason why a penalty was triggered: Violation of IRC 4980H(a) or (b)
	Content anglesco senten Content r da content Regiona dalla	Educates and prompts employer on how to respond to IRS inquiry:
Den Fri here ander i primmer i strattere af he finglerer 1	land Reported Prime (1997) for so on	· Confirm penalty applies or contest all or part of the penalty
Proposed FURP 4 (EXXXX) The model down fast product on event Faster 100 is Compared and any more from 100 is 100 is Compared and any many from 100 is 200 is and for event for the down requirements for event first the sense of the sense is the first have the event first the sense of the sense of the how events first the sense of the sense.	Englisher Purched Harth Rosenes (10) and the date fail for one is mire model of the year is (10)-(1) an element for presson as only (21)) in	 Failure to respond, or respond on a timely basis, will result in the issuance of an IRS Notice and Demand requesting payment of penalty
Yes presely one is 100P for a work of other. Yes for all the other sequences instruct converge (M) sequences and their sequences and or time are allowed for PDC or 	15 mar kan () Po of your bal-base of your bal-base angle your visc cardidat in brang	Form 14765 identifies the employees who were recipients of Premium Tax Credits for every month of the calendar year
17 © 2018 HUB Internatio	nal Limited.	 Form 14764 ESRP Response- Employer must respond via Form 14764 within 30 days of the date reflected on Letter 226.1





Recommendations for 2015 and Beyond

- · Review 2015/2016 Forms 1094-C/1095-C to identify filing errors
- Wrong code combinations for lines 14 and 16 of Form 1095-C
- · Columns were left blank in Form 1094-C/1095-C · Confirm Forms 1095-C were issued only to FT employees
- · Returns can be amended at any time by filing amended returns with the IRS/reissue Forms 1095-C to participants/employees
- · Ensure you are retaining records that reflect an offer of coverage was made to FT employees-signed waiver form, gather information as to why employees waive coverage
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 Review affordability of lowest cost plan offered to employees, define at the beginning of calendar year which affordability safe harbor will be used and ensure safe harbor is met for all employees

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- Retain copies of Summary of Benefits and Coverage and contributions
- Conduct random audits of systems to ensure that coverage is being offered on a timely basis to newly eligible employees

OSHA Retaliation Rules: ACA Section 1558

Whistleblower Protections

Grants protection to employees against employer retaliation for:

- · Reporting ACA violations
- Cooperating with federal investigations Participating and/or cooperating in proceedings associated with alleged/actual violation of ACA
- Title I Refusing participation in policies/practices that would violate the ACA
- Receiving premium tax credits or cost sharing reductions for enrolling in qualified health plan
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- All of the following are deemed to be retaliatory actions under Section 1558:
- Firing or laying off
- · Reducing pay or hours
- Blacklisting
- Demotion
- · Denving overtime or promotion
- · Denying benefits · Failure to hire or rehire
- Intimidation
- · Making threats
- · Reassign affecting prospects for promotion

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OSHA Retaliation Rules: ACA Section 1558

Complaint Filing Process

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- 1. Employee must file complaint with Secretary of Labor within 180 days of the violation
- Secretary will review to determine if complaint meets certain basic requirements 2.
- If the complaint meets the basic requirements, the Secretary must provide employer with з.
- notice of complaint, including allegations and evidence Employer has 60 days to respond to complaint, and meet with investigator to present evidence and witnesses

O After conducting investigation, the Secretary issues written findings If findings establish "reasonable cause" the Secretary may issue preliminary order, including:

- Full reinstatement including back pay and employee benefits All attorneys' fees and costs
- Compensatory damages

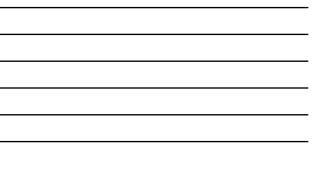
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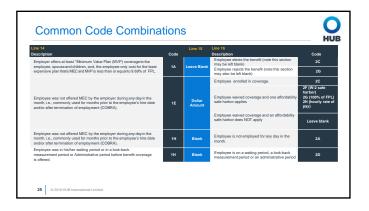
· Affirmative action to abate the violation

 Afirmative action to abate the violation
The employer or employee has 30 days after
notification of findings to file objection.
Objecting party may request a full hearing
before administrative law judge of the
Department of Labor. lement agreement may be entered at any time during the complaint and response process. If the Secreta not issue a final decision within 210 days after complaint has been filed, the employee may file in federal court.









ACA Reporting

Correcting returns

- Forms 1095-C: File corrected return with IRS and check box "CORRECTED" and distribute new form to participants/individual. A Form 1094-C must accompany the Form(s) that have been
- accompany the Form(s) that have been corrected, do not check box CORRECTED on Form 1094-C. • Safe harbor for errors Line 15: If there is an
- Safe harbor for errors Line 15: If there is an error in reporting the employee contribution and the error is less than \$100 from the actual cost, the return does not need to be corrected.
 However, the recipient of the Form (employee/covered participant) may require that the return be amended.

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 If Form 1095-C was not filed with the IRS, no need to issue a corrected form, simply issue corrected form to participant and file return with the IRS

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Penalties

- \$270 per return, for filing a return with the IRS with incorrect information, penalty not to exceed \$3,275,500 per calendar year.
- \$270 per return, for failure to issue a correct return to an individual, penalty not to exceed \$3,275,500 per calendar year



AARP v. EEOC and the Future of Wellness Programs

Overview

- D.C. Court rules in favor of AARP (AARP was suing the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission).
- Court deems GINA and ADA final regulations, *as currently written*, did <u>not</u> adequately justify a wellness program (subject to the EEOC regulations) "being truly voluntary, where it imposes a 30% penalty."
 - D.C. Court did not hold that the final regulations in-fact made these plans "non-voluntary," merely that the EEOC has not, to this point, provided enough "voluntary.

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· Final (current) GINA and EEOC rules are

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- enforceable until at least 1/1/19 (at which time, rules are invalidated) · Unknown if the EEOC will issue proposed
- regulations in the summer, creates uncertainty in wellness front

Next Steps

Next Steps

 Until further notice, final GINA and ADA rules are enforceable

Fixed Indemnity Plans and IRS Guidance

- IRS Issued a Memorandum in late January 2017 providing that:
- Fixed indemnity plans paid for by an employer or an employee on a pre-tax basis (via a Section 125 Plan) MUST be treated as wages (taxed) at the time the benefit is reimbursed to the employee of the section of the sect the employee
- Fixed indemnity plans include: hospital confinement, critical illness, or similar plans that pay a fixed amount per occurrence (for hospital care or physician services rendered)

May 2017- IRS issued additional guidance indicating that only expenses that are not adequately substantiated are treated as taxable

income 29 © 2018 HUB

- Identify how insurance carriers in the fixed indemnity market will accommodate taxation of benefits · Will they tax benefits paid to participants'
 - Notify employer's of tax liability and request that reimbursements be included in employee's income (W-2)?
- Employee's income (W-2)? Employees can amend Cafeteria plan documents to exclude fixed indemnity plans (allow employees to pay for benefits on an after-tax basis)
- Notify employees that indemnity plans can only be paid with after-tax dollars
- If benefits are being funded by employer, employer must either include premiums paid in employee's income, or notify employees they must now pay for premiums on an after-tax basis

Final Disability Claims Procedures

Overview

Effective for disability claims filed on/after April 1, 2018 (effective date delayed 90 days from 1/1/2018)

- Establishes new claims procedures for disability plans subject to ERISA
- Independence and impartiality in determination of claims and appeals
- · Enhanced disclosure requirements Right to review and respond to new information before final decisions
- Non-compliance = right of participant to file suit under ERISA

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- Next Steps Amend plan documents and summary plan
 descriptions to include new claims procedures
 - Plan sponsors/administrators: understand the manner in which third-party service providers compensate/reward individuals who might be involved in deciding disability claims
 - Plan administrators: carefully consider and document criteria used to select particular medical experts to opine on disability claim
- Review forms used to notify claimants of adverse benefit determinations to ensure all required topics are addressed
- Provide relevant information in proper languages if employees live in counties where at least 10% of residents are solely literate in a non-English language

'Male Sterilization' is not a Preventive Service under the ACA

Онив

- IRS Notice 2018-12 (released March 5, 2018) states that a High Deductible Health Plan ('HDHP') that covers certain male sterilization procedures as ACA preventive services (or otherwise not subject to the HDHP deductible), is NOT a HSA-qualified HDHP.
 - <u>IMPORTANT NOTE</u>: This holding takes effect for the 2020 Plan Year so, HDHPs that do cover male sterilization procedures as a preventive service, can continue to be HSA-qualified HDHDPs until 2020.
- This holding takes precedence/controls over any state law that would otherwise consider male sterilization as a preventive service.

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Provision	2017	2018		
Employee Benefits				
 401(k) & 403(b) Limit 	\$18,000	\$18,500 \$ 6,000		
 401(k) & 403(b) Catch-up 	\$ 6,000			
 457(b)(2) Limit 	\$18,000	\$18,500		
Highly Compensated Employee Salary Amount Annual Compensation for Key Employee	\$120,000 \$175,000	\$120,000		
Annual Compensation for Key Employee Qualified Transportation Fringe Benefits	\$175,000	\$175,000		
Qualified Transportation Pringe Benefits Parking (monthly)	\$255			
Parking (monthly) Mass Transit Passes (monthly)	\$255	\$260 \$260		
Mass transit Passes (monthly) Bicycle Commuting (monthly)	\$200	\$200 BEREALED		
 Boyce Community (monthly) Health Care Flexible Spending Account Max. 	\$ 2.600	\$ 2.650		
Dependent Care Spending Account Maximum	\$ 2,600	\$ 5,000		
Adoption Assistance Plans	\$ 5,000	\$13,840		
Non-grandfathered Plan Out-of-Pocket Limits	\$13,570	\$13,640		
 Self-only Coverage 	\$ 7,150	\$ 7,350		
 Family Coverage 	\$14,300	\$14,700		
Health Savings Account				
Maximum Individual Contribution	\$ 3,400	\$ 3,450		
Maximum Family Contribution	\$ 6,750	\$ 6,850 retroactive to 1/1/18		
Catch-up Contribution	\$ 1,000	\$ 1,000		
High Deductible Health Plans				
 Minimum Annual Deductible (Individual) 	\$ 1,300	\$ 1,350		
 Minimum Annual Deductible (Family) 	\$ 2,600	\$ 2,700		
 Maximum Out-of-Pocket Limit (Individual) 	\$ 6,550	\$ 6,650		
 Maximum Out-of-Pocket Limit (Family) 	\$13,100	\$13,300		
Individual Mandate Penalty	Greater of 2.5% over the filing threshold, or \$805 per person (\$347.50 for those under age 18)	Greater of 2.5% over the filing threshold, or \$695 per person (\$347.50 for those under age 18)		
Employer Shared Responsibility Penalty	(ever-version under under age 10)	person (aver voior trose under age 16)		
Failure to offer MEC to 95% of FT employees (IRC 4980H(a))	\$2,260	\$2,320*		
Failure to offer MEC that is affordable and/or minimum value	\$3,390	\$3,480*		
Affordability threshold for employee only coverage	9.69%	9.56%		

